LG Electronics Inc.

Interim Separate Financial Statements March 31, 2013 and 2012

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Report on Review of Interim Financial Statements

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of LG Electronics Inc.

Reviewed Financial Statements

We have reviewed the accompanying interim separate financial statements of LG Electronics Inc. (the "Company"). These financial statements consist of the separate statement of financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2013, and the related separate statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, expressed in Korean won.

Management' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the Republic of Korea ("Korean IFRS") 1034, 'Interim Financial Reporting', and for such internal controls as management determines are necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to issue a report on these interim separate financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the quarterly and semi-annual review standards established by the Securities and Futures Commission of the Republic of Korea. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe the accompanying interim separate financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the Korean IFRS 1034, 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

Other matters

We have audited the accompanying separate statement of financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2012, and the related separate statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. We expressed an unqualified opinion on those separate financial statements in our audit report dated March 6, 2013. These separate financial statements are not included in this review report. The separate statement of financial position as of December 31, 2012, presented herein for comparative purposes, is consistent, in all material respects, with the above audited statement of financial position as of December 31, 2012.

Review standards and their application in practice vary among countries. The procedures and practices used in the Republic of Korea to review such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries. Accordingly, this report is for use by those who are informed about Korean review standards and their application in practice.

Samil Price Waterhouse Coopers

Seoul, Korea May 10, 2013

This interim report is effective as of May 10, 2013, the review report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the review report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying interim separate financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the review report should understand that there is a possibility that the above review report may have to be revised to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

LG Electronics Inc.

Interim Separate Statements of Financial Position

March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

(in millions of Korean won)	Note	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4,30	978,206	1,114,246
Financial deposits	4,30	50,000	50,000
Trade receivables	4,5	5,699,989	4,693,196
Loans and other receivables	4	420,939	328,652
Other financial assets	4,6	-	53,555
Inventories	7	1,070,334	921,828
Current income tax assets		3,983	3,274
Other current assets		414,248	382,876
Assets classified as held for sale		3,027	3,043
Non ourrent ecceto		8,640,726	7,550,670
Non-current assets	Λ	10.000	14.004
Financial deposits	4	10,826	14,321
Loans and other receivables	4,30	410,543	407,037
Other financial assets	4,6	35,110	32,530
Property, plant and equipment	8	5,731,841	5,437,210
Intangible assets	8	958,673	962,002
Deferred income tax assets		778,381	752,226
Investments in subsidiaries,			
associates and joint ventures	9	7,952,979	7,950,178
Investment property		5,174	5,211
Other non-current assets		708,499	720,791
		16,592,026	16,281,506
Total assets		25,232,752	23,832,176
Liabilities	I		
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	4	5,071,929	3,995,679
Borrowings	4,10,30	1,358,197	1,057,585
Other payables	4	2,863,658	2,809,156
Current income tax liabilities		,, -	9,437
Provisions	12	202,368	192,306
Other current liabilities	4	293,295	296,798
		9,789,447	8,360,961
Non-current liabilities		0,700,117	0,000,001
Borrowings	4,10,30	4,107,530	4,206,740
Other financial liabilities	4,6	10,177	13,889
Net defined benefit liability	11	589,680	467,598
Provisions	12	771,060	760,033
	12	5,478,447	5,448,260
Total liabilities		15,267,894	13,809,221
Equity		10,207,001	
Paid-in capital:	13		
Capital stock	10	904,169	904,169
Share premium		3,088,179	3,088,179
Retained earnings	14	5,999,372	6,059,062
Accumulated other comprehensive income	15	5,957	4,364
Other components of equity	16	(32,819)	(32,819)
Total equity	10	9,964,858	10,022,955
Total liabilities and equity		25,232,752	23,832,176
	i	20,202,102	20,002,170

LG Electronics Inc. Interim Separate Statements of Income Three-Month Periods Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

		Three-Month Period Ended March 31		
(in millions of Korean won, except per share amounts)	Note	2013	2012	
Net sales	17	6,898,006	6,236,993	
Cost of sales	18	5,568,034	4,954,154	
Gross profit		1,329,972	1,282,839	
Selling and marketing expenses Administrative expenses Research and development expenses Service costs	18,19 18,19 18,19 18,19	607,418 140,106 478,175 124,590	551,206 118,225 414,645 116,346	
Operating income(loss)		(20,317)	82,417	
Financial income Financial expenses Other non-operating income Other non-operating expenses	20 21 22 23	56,186 91,025 281,082 192,847	83,869 119,257 468,931 122,181	
Profit for the period	20	33,079 1,333 31,746	393,779 77,469 316,310	
Earnings per share during the period (in won):	24			
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the common equity holders of the Company		175	1,755	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the preferred equity holders of the Company		188	1,768	

LG Electronics Inc.

Interim Separate Statements of Comprehensive Income Three-Month Periods Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

		Three-Month Period	Ended March 31
(in millions of Korean won)	Note	2013	2012
Profit for the period		31,746	316,310
Other comprehensive income(loss), net of tax			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	:		
Actuarial loss on defined benefit liability	11	(54,564)	(13,085)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Cash flow hedges	10	(747)	1,116
Available-for-sale financial assets	6	2,340	102
Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax		(52,971)	(11,867)
Total comprehensive income(loss) for the period, net of tax	C	(21,225)	304,443

LG Electronics Inc. Interim Separate Statements of Changes in Equity Three-Month Periods Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

(in millions of Korean won)	Note	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Other Components of Equity	Total
Balance at January 1, 2012		3,992,348	6,534,129	1,203	(32,819)	10,494,861
Comprehensive income(loss):						
Profit for the period		-	316,310	-	-	316,310
Actuarial loss on defined benefit liability	11	-	(13,085)	-	-	(13,085)
Cash flow hedges	10	-	-	1,116	-	1,116
Available-for-sale financial assets	6	-	-	102	-	102
Transactions with equity holders:						
Dividends	25	-	(36,872)	-		(36,872)
Balance at March 31, 2012	-	3,992,348	6,800,482	2,421	(32,819)	10,762,432
Balance at January 1, 2013		3,992,348	6,059,062	4,364	(32,819)	10,022,955
Comprehensive income(loss):						
Profit for the period		-	31,746	-	-	31,746
Actuarial loss on defined benefit liability	11	-	(54,564)	-	-	(54,564)
Cash flow hedges	10	-	-	(747)	-	(747)
Available-for-sale financial assets	6	-	-	2,340	-	2,340
Transactions with equity holders:						
Dividends	25	-	(36,872)	-		(36,872)
Balance at March 31, 2013	-	3,992,348	5,999,372	5,957	(32,819)	9,964,858

LG Electronics Inc. Interim Separate Statements of Cash Flows Three-Month Periods Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

(in millions of Korean won)	Note	Three-Month Period E 2013	Ended March 31 2012
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	26	158,611	114,028
Interest received		7,077	7,175
Interest paid		(55,863)	(60,863)
Dividends received		55,416	121,334
Income tax paid		(20,723)	(30,457)
Net cash generated from operating activities		144,518	151,217
Cash flows from investing activities			
Decrease in financial deposits		3,495	19,889
Decrease in loans and other receivables		22,709	18,449
Proceeds from disposal and recovery of other financial	assets	58,435	1,705
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipmer	nt	2,931	2,665
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets		300	190
Proceeds from disposal of investments in subsidiaries,			
associates and joint ventures		550	214,757
Decrease in other assets		17	309
Increase in loans and other receivables		(16,396)	(12,797)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(424,216)	(186,071)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(122,006)	(82,033)
Acquisition of investments in subsidiaries,			
associates and joint ventures		(3,700)	(9,180)
Net cash used in investing activities		(477,881)	(32,117)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		299,400	380,000
Repayments of borrowings		(102,077)	(454,456)
Net cash provided by(used in) financing activities		197,323	(74,456)
			(1,1,2,0)
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(136,040)	44,644
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		1,114,246	1,364,211
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		978,206	1,408,855

1. General Information

General information about LG Electronics Inc. (the "Company") is as follows.

LG Electronics Inc. was spun-off from LG Electronics Investment Ltd. on April 1, 2002. The Company's shares are listed on the Korea Exchange, and some of its preferred shares, in form of global depositary receipts ("DRs"), are listed on the London Stock Exchange as of the reporting date. The Company is domiciled in Korea at Yeoui-daero, Yeungdeungpo-gu, Seoul.

As of March 31, 2012, LG Corp. owns 33.7% of the Company's total shares, excluding preferred shares, while financial institutions, foreign investors and others own the rest.

The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of electronic products including mobile phones, TV, air conditioners, refrigerators, washing machines and personal computers and of core parts. As of March 31, 2012, the Company operates manufacturing facilities mainly in Pyeongtaek, Changwon and Gumi in the Republic of Korea.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The attached statements are the separate financial statements subject to Korean IFRS 1027, 'Separate Financial Statements'. The interim separate financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, have been prepared in accordance with Korean IFRS 1034, 'Interim Financial Reporting'. These interim separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Korean IFRS standards and interpretations issued and effective at March 31, 2013.

Changes in Accounting Policy and Disclosures

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

Korean IFRS 1019(Amendment) 'Employee Benefits', Korean IFRS 1027(Amendment) 'Separate Financial Statements', Korean IFRS 1028(Amendment) 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures', Korean IFRS 1107(Amendment) 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures', Korean IFRS 1110(Enactment) 'Consolidated Financial Statements', Korean IFRS 1111(Enactment) 'Joint Arrangements', Korean IFRS 1112(Enactment) 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities', Korean IFRS 1113(Enactment) 'Fair Value Measurement' and 'Annual improvements to Korean IFRS' have been adopted from reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

- Korean IFRS 1019(Amendment): 'Employee Benefits'

According to the amendments to Korean IFRS 1019, 'Employee Benefits', the use of a 'corridor' approach is no longer permitted, and therefore all actuarial gains and losses incurred are immediately recognized in other comprehensive income.

All past service costs incurred are immediately recognized in accordance with the change of the plan. Interest cost and the expected returns on plan assets which used to be calculated separately have been revised to calculate net interest expense(income) by applying the discount rate used in the defined benefit liability(asset) measurement.

The Company retrospectively applied the calculation method of employee benefits in accordance with the above amendments. The comparative statements of income and comprehensive income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2012 were restated by reflecting adjustments resulting from the retrospective application. The impact on major account items is as follows. The above amendments to the standard do not have an impact on its statement of financial position.

(in millions of Korean won)	Before restatement	Korean IFRS 1001 ¹	Korean IFRS 1019	After restatement
Net sales	6,236,993	-	-	6,236,993
Gross profit	1,282,386	-	453	1,282,839
Operating income	112,307	(30,747)	857	82,417
Profit before income tax	392,922	-	857	393,779
Profit for the period	315,661	-	649	316,310
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	(11,218)	-	(649)	(11,867)
Total comprehensive income, net of tax	304,443	-	-	304,443
Earnings per share during the period (in won):				
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the common equity holders of the Company	1,752	-	3	1,755
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the preferred equity holders of the Company	1,764	-	4	1,768

¹ During the prior period, the Company changed its accounting policy to present the operating income after deducting cost of sales, selling and administrative expenses, research and development expenses and service costs from net sales, in accordance with the amendment of Korean IFRS 1001, 'Presentation of Financial Statements'.

The Company shall recognize a liability and expense for termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates; (a) when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of benefits; and (b) when the Company recognizes costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of Korean IFRS 1037 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' and involves the payment of termination benefits. The application of the above amendments does not have material impact on its separate financial statements.

- Korean IFRS 1027(Amendment): 'Separate Financial Statements'

Korean IFRS 1027, which is amended in accordance with enactment of Korean IFRS 1110, contains accounting for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures when the Company prepares separate financial statements. The amendments of Korean IFRS 1027 do not have an impact on its separate financial statements.

- Korean IFRS 1028(Amendment): 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'

According to the amendments, the accounting for joint ventures is integrated into this standard and the application of the equity method is set out in this standard. The scope exception for venture capital organizations, or mutual funds, unit trusts and similar entities has been eliminated and has been characterized as a measurement exemption from the requirement measurement in using the equity method in Korean IFRS 1028 (Amentment). The disclosure requirements are specified in Korean IFRS 1112 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities'. Investment in associates and joint ventures are measured at cost in separate financial statements. Accordingly, the amendments of Korean IFRS 1028 do not have an impact on its separate financial statements.

- Korean IFRS 1107(Amendment): 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure'

According to the amendments to Korean IFRS 1107, 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure', the Company is required to disclose quantitative and qualitative information in order for the users of the financial statements to evaluate their effect or potential effect on financial statements for recognized financial instruments that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether they are set off in accordance with paragraph 42 of Korean IFRS 1032. The effects of this amendment are disclosed in Note 4.

- Korean IFRS 1110(Enactment): 'Consolidated Financial Statement'

Korean IFRS 1110 supersedes Korean IFRS 1027, 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements', and Korean IFRS 2012, 'Consolidation—Special Purpose Entities'.

Korean IFRS 1110 explains the principle of control which is the basis for determining which entities are consolidated in the consolidated financial statements. An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The standard sets out further guidance where it is difficult to determine control.

Prior to the application of the above enactment, LG Innotek Co., Ltd. was classified as an associate. Although the Company has less than half of ownership interest in LG Innotek Co., Ltd., the Company is deemed to have control over LG Innotek Co., Ltd. when considering the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders, and the voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings. As a result, the Company classified LG Innotek Co., Ltd. as a subsidiary.

- Korean IFRS 1111(Enactment): 'Joint Arrangements'

Korean IFRS 1111, 'Joint Arrangements', aims to reflect the substance of joint arrangements by focusing on the contractual rights and obligations that each party to the arrangement has rather than its legal form. Joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. A joint operation is when joint operators have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, and accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, while parties to the joint venture who have rights to the net assets of the arrangement, account for their interest in the joint venture using the equity method, while it is measured at cost in its separate financial statements. The Company expects that the application of this amendment does not have a material impact on its separate financial statements.

- Korean IFRS 1112(Enactment): 'Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities'

Korean IFRS 1112, 'Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities', provides the disclosure requirements including a subsidiary, an associate, a joint arrangement and an unconsolidated structured entity. Disclosure of interests shown in the separate financial statements is prepared in accordance with Korean IFRS 1027, 'Separate Financial Statements'. However, when the Company has interests in unconsolidated structured entities and prepares separate financial statements as its only financial statements, disclosures of interests in unconsolidated structured entities in accordance with Korean IFRS 112 are required. According to the above enactment of standard, part of disclosures of interests in other entities are changed and disclosed in Note 1 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

- Korean IFRS 1113(Enactment): 'Fair Value Measurement'

Korean IFRS 1113, 'Fair value measurement', aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across Korean IFRS. Korean IFRS 1113 does not extend the use of fair value accounting but provides guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within the Korean IFRS. This amendment was effective for the financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and the enactment of Korean IFRS 1113 does not have a material impact on its separate financial statements.

- Annual improvements to Korean IFRS

Korean IFRS 1001, 'Presentation of Financial Statements' Korean IFRS 1016, 'Property, Plant and Equipment' Korean IFRS 1032, 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' Korean IFRS 1034, 'Interim Financial Reporting'

These annual improvements are effective for the financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and do not have a material impact on its separate financial statements.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations have not been early adopted by the Company

New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not effective for the financial year beginning January 1, 2013, and not early adopted by the Company are as follows:

- Korean IFRS 1032(Amendment): 'Financial instruments: Presentation'

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1032 'Financial instruments: Presentation' clarify the facts that the right of off-set cannot be contingent on a future event and shall be legally enforceable under any circumstances, and if an entity can settle amounts in a manner such that the outcome is, in effect, equivalent to net settlement, the entity will meet the net settlement criterion. These amendments will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The Company expects that the application of these amendments would not have a material impact on its separate financial statements.

Application of Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation applied in the preparation of these interim separate financial statements are the same as the policies and methods adopted for the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 unless otherwise stated in Note 2.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the comparative separate financial statements to conform to the March 31, 2013 financial statement presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the reported net income or the net asset of the prior period.

Employee Benefits

Net interest expense(income) is calculated by applying discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation in calculating the expected return on plan assets, and administration costs deducted in determining the return on plan assets are limited to plan asset management costs. In addition, all past service costs are recognized immediately.

Income Tax Expenses

Income tax expense for the interim period is recognized based on management's best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. The estimated average annual tax rate is applied to the pre-tax income.

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and various other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the interim separate financial statements, the Company's management makes judgements, estimates and assumptions which affect accounting policies and its assets, liabilities, income and cost. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

(a) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue using the percentage of completion method for the rendering of service such as installation. When using the percentage of completion method, revenue shall be recognized by estimating services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed. The revenue may change with variations in terms and conditions including changes in the scope of work, costs, a contract period or a customer's plan.

(b) Impairment of Goodwill

The Company tests goodwill regularly for impairment. The recoverable amounts of cashgenerating units have been determined based on net fair value and value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates.

(c) Income Taxes

The Company recognizes assets and liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the best estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Income tax expense in each interim period is recognized based on the best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year as explained in Note 2. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

(d) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Provisions

The Company recognizes provisions for product warranties and sales return in accordance with the accounting policy as of the reporting date. The amounts are estimated based on historical data.

(f) Defined Benefit Obligation

The present value of the defined benefit obligation depends on various factors that apply an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost(income) for pensions include the discount rate.

Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the defined benefit obligation. The Company determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each period. This is the interest rate that is used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the defined benefit obligation.

In determining the appropriate discount rate, the Company considers the interest rates of highquality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liability. Other key assumptions for defined benefit obligation are based on current market conditions.

4. Financial Instruments by Category

(a) Categorizations of financial instruments as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

	March 31, 2013							
	Assets at fair			Assets classified as	Held-to- maturity			
	value through	Derivatives	Loans and	available-for-	financial			
(in millions of Korean won)	profit or loss	for hedge	receivables	sale	assets	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	978,206	-	-	978,206		
Financial deposits	-	-	60,826	-	-	60,826		
Trade receivables	-	-	5,699,989	-	-	5,699,989		
Loans and other receivables	-	-	831,482	-	-	831,482		
Other financial assets		4,826		30,284		35,110		
Total		4,826	7,570,503	30,284		7,605,613		

	March 31, 2013						
(in millions of Korean won)	Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Derivatives for hedge	Liabilities carried at amortized cost	Total			
Trade payables	-	-	5,071,929	5,071,929			
Borrowings	-	-	5,465,727	5,465,727			
Other payables	-	-	1,033,712	1,033,712			
Other financial liabilities	-	10,177	-	10,177			
Other liabilities		-	36,872	36,872			
Total	<u> </u>	10,177	11,608,240	11,618,417			

		December 31, 2012							
	Assets at fair value through	Derivatives	Loans and	Assets classified as available-for-	Held-to- maturity financial				
(in millions of Korean won)	profit or loss	for hedge	receivables	sale	assets	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,114,246	-	-	1,114,246			
Financial deposits	-	-	64,321	-	-	64,321			
Trade receivables	-	-	4,693,196	-	-	4,693,196			
Loans and other receivables	-	-	735,689	-	-	735,689			
Other financial assets				32,530	53,555	86,085			
Total	-		6,607,452	32,530	53,555	6,693,537			

	December 31, 2012						
(in millions of Korean won)	Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Derivatives for hedge	Liabilities carried at amortized cost	Total			
Trade payables	-	-	3,995,679	3,995,679			
Borrowings	-	-	5,264,325	5,264,325			
Other payables	-	-	1,161,356	1,161,356			
Other financial liabilities		13,889		13,889			
Total	<u> </u>	13,889	10,421,360	10,435,249			

(b) Income and expenses by category of financial instruments for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

		2013						
	Assets at fair			Assets	Held-to-			
	value through	Derivatives	Loans and	classified as	maturity			
(in millions of Korean won)	profit or loss	for hedge	receivables	available-for-sale	financial assets	Total		
Interest income	-	-	9,037	-	-	9,037		
Exchange differences	-	-	112,543	-	-	112,543		
Bad debt expenses	-	-	(20,035)	-	-	(20,035)		
Gains on valuation of available-								
for-sale financial assets (Other	-	-	-	2,340	-	2,340		
comprehensive income)								
Impairment of available-for-sale				(452)		(152)		
financial assets	-	-	-	(453)	-	(453)		
Dividend income	-	-	-	295	-	295		
				2013				

	Liabilities at			
	fair value through	Derivatives	Liabilities carried	
(in millions of Korean won)	profit or loss	for hedge	at amortized cost	Total
Interest expenses	-	-	(56,358)	(56,358)
Exchange differences	-	-	(108,293)	(108,293)
Derivatives (Other comprehensive loss)	-	(747)	-	(747)

	2012					
	Assets at fair value through	Derivatives	Loans and	Assets classified as	Held-to- maturity	
(in millions of Korean won)	profit or loss	for hedge	receivables	available-for-sale	financial assets	Total
Interest income	-	-	10,682	-	356	11,038
Exchange differences	-	-	(18,616)	-	(775)	(19,391)
Reversal of bad debt expenses	-	-	3,127	-	-	3,127
Loss on the transfer of trade receivables	-	-	(629)	-	-	(629)
Gains on valuation of available- for-sale financial assets (Other comprehensive income)	-	-	-	102	-	102
Gains on disposal of available- for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	84	-	84
Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	(27)	-	(27)
Dividend income	-	-	-	275	-	275
Derivatives (Financial income)	1,590	-	-	-	-	1,590
Derivatives (Other comprehensive income)	-	1,116	-			1,116

		2	2012				
	Liabilities at						
	fair value through	Derivatives	Liabilities carried				
(in millions of Korean won)	profit or loss	for hedge	at amortized cost	Total			
Interest expenses	-	-	(59,173)	(59,173)			
Exchange differences	-	-	70,564	70,564			
Derivatives (Financial expense)	(1,805)	-	-	(1,805)			

(c) Recognized financial instruments that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangements or similar arrangements, are as follows:

			March 31, 2013		
(in millions of Korean won)	Gross assets	Gross liabilities offset	Net amounts presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts not offset	Net amount
Trade receivables	122,604	122,604	-		-

	December 31, 2012						
(in millions of Korean won)	Gross assets	Gross liabilities offset	Net amounts presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts not offset	Net amount		
Trade receivables	47,393	47,393	-	-	-		

	March 31, 2013						
			Net amounts presented				
	Gross	Gross assets	in the statement of	Amounts			
(in millions of Korean won)	liabilities	offset	financial position	not offset	Net amount		
Trade payables	164,301	122,604	41,697	-	41,697		

	December 31, 2012					
	Net amounts presented					
	Gross	Gross assets	in the statement of	Amounts		
(in millions of Korean won)	liabilities	offset	financial position	not offset	Net amount	
Trade payables	60,988	47,393	13,595	-	13,595	

5. Trade Receivables

(a) Carrying amounts of trade receivables, and allowance for doubtful accounts, as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Trade receivables	5,763,845	4,736,848
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(63,856)	(43,652)
Carrying amount	5,699,989	4,693,196

(b) The aging analysis of the trade receivables as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, is as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Current	5,617,847	4,503,713
Up to 6 months	124,665	210,622
7 to 12 months	953	2,990
Over one year	3,542	5,540
Defaulted	16,838	13,983
Total	5,763,845	4,736,848

(c) Transferred financial assets that are not derecognized in their entirety are as follows:

Trade receivables have been discounted through collateralized borrowing agreements with financial institutions at the end of the reporting period. In case the customers default, the Company has an obligation to pay the related amounts to the financial institution. As a result, this transaction has been accounted for as a collateralized borrowing (Note 10).

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Carrying amount of asset ¹		
Trade receivables	103,012	105,684
Carrying amount of related liability ¹		
Short-term borrowings	(103,012)	(105,684)
Net position ²		

¹ Fair values of the above trade receivables and short-term borrowings are the same with their carrying amounts.

² Net position is the difference of fair value between the above transferred financial asset and the associated liability.

6. Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

(a) Details of other financial assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Other financial assets		
Derivatives	4,826	-
Available-for-sale	30,284	32,530
Held-to-maturity	<u> </u>	53,555
Total	35,110	86,085
Current	-	53,555
Non-current	35,110	32,530
Other financial liabilities		
Derivatives	10,177	13,889
Total	10,177	13,889
Current	-	-
Non-current	10,177	13,889

(b) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

		2013					
		Disposal					
(in millions of Korean won)	Beginning	Acquisition	and others	Valuation	Impairment	Ending	
Listed equity securities	7,636	-	-	3,087	-	10,723	
Unlisted equity securities ¹	24,894	-	(4,880)		(453)	19,561	
Total	32,530	-	(4,880)	3,087	(453)	30,284	

			201	2		
(in millions of Korean won)	Beginning	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation	Impairment	Ending
Listed equity securities	8,969	-	-	135	-	9,104
Unlisted equity securities ¹	31,830	-	(32)	-	(27)	31,771
Debt securities	1,747	-		-	-	1,747
Total	42,546		(32)	135	(27)	42,622

¹ The listed securities among the above equity securities are measured using quoted prices in active markets. However, the unlisted securities are measured at cost as they are mostly in the beginning of their business stages and their fair values cannot be reliably measured.

(c) The effect on comprehensive income due to valuation and elimination of available-for-sale financial assets for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, is as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Valuation: Recognition of other comprehensive income, net of tax	2,340	102
Recognition of impairment loss	(453)	(27)
Reclassification of equity to profit for the period Derecognition of unmarketable equity securities not measured by fair value:	-	-
Carrying amounts of eliminated equity securities	4,880	32
Gain on disposal of equity securities		83

7. Inventories

Inventories as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

	N	larch 31, 2013		Dece	ember 31, 20)12
(in millions of Korean won)	Acquisition cost	Valuation allowance	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Valuation allowance	Carrying amount
Finished products and merchandise	466,289	(23,512)	442,777	415,220	(21,183)	394,037
Half-finished products and work-in-process	114,770	(2,811)	111,959	99,549	(5,125)	94,424
Raw materials and supplies	432,079	(24,184)	407,895	353,110	(29,620)	323,490
Other	132,241	(24,538)	107,703	128,599	(18,722)	109,877
Total	1,145,379	(75,045)	1,070,334	996,478	(74,650)	921,828

The loss on valuation of inventories recognized for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, amounts to $\forall 9,623$ million (2012: reversal of loss $\forall 4,731$ million).

8. Property, Plant and Equipment, and Intangible Assets

(a) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
At January 1	5,437,210	5,190,881
Acquisitions	431,973	115,839
Disposals and others	(3,518)	(1,701)
Decrease due to the transfer of business	(4,103)	-
Depreciation	(129,444)	(119,304)
Impairment	(277)	(78)
At March 31	5,731,841	5,185,637

(b) Changes in intangible assets for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
At January 1	962,002	915,977
Acquisitions	13,001	11,928
Acquisitions by internal development	48,548	47,667
Transfer-in	21,900	20,995
Disposals and others	(5,799)	(5,666)
Decrease due to the transfer of business	(645)	-
Amortization	(80,323)	(84,630)
Impairment	(11)	-
At March 31	958,673	906,271

9. Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

(a) Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

					Carryin	g amount
(in millions of Korean won)	Classification at Mar. 31, 2013	Country	Closing month	Percentage of ownership at Mar. 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
LG Display Co., Ltd.	Associate	Korea	December	37.9%	3,480,623	3,480,623
LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.(LGEUS)	Subsidiary	USA	December	100.0%	955,542	955,542
LG Innotek Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Korea	December	47.9%	541,538	541,538
LG Electronics India Pvt. Ltd.(LGEIL)	Subsidiary	India	March	100.0%	311,746	311,746
LG Electronics do Brasil Ltda.(LGEBR)	Subsidiary	Brazil	December	100.0%	270,631	270,631
LG Electronics Mlawa Sp. z.o.o(LGEMA)	Subsidiary	Poland	December	100.0%	214,091	214,091
LG Electronics Tianjin Appliances Co., Ltd.(LGETA)	Subsidiary	China	December	70.0%	161,331	161,331
LG Electronics European Holdings B.V.(LGEEH)	Subsidiary	Netherlands	December	100.0%	148,551	148,551
Hiplaza Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Korea	December	100.0%	136,459	136,459
LG Holdings(HK) Ltd.	Joint venture	Hong Kong	December	49.0%	129,386	129,386
Taizhou LG Electronics Refrigeration Co., Ltd.(LGETR)	Subsidiary	China	December	88.4%	97,608	97,608
P.T. LG Electronics Indonesia(LGEIN)	Subsidiary	Indonesia	December	100.0%	94,124	94,124
Ericsson-LG Co., Ltd	Associate	Korea	December	25.0%	81,755	81,755
LG Electronics Panama, S.A.(LGEPS)	Subsidiary	Panama	December	100.0%	79,222	79,222
LG Electronics Wroclaw Sp.z o.o(LGEWR)	Subsidiary	Poland	December	100.0%	70,014	70,014
LG Electronics Mexico S.A. DE C.V.(LGEMS)	Subsidiary	Mexico	December	100.0%	68,721	68,721
Hi Entech Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Korea	December	100.0%	63,118	63,118
LG Electronics Thailand Co., Ltd.(LGETH)	Subsidiary	Thailand	December	100.0%	55,578	55,578
Global OLED Technology LLC.	Associate	USA	December	32.7%	53,454	53,454
LG Electronics Australia Pty, Ltd.(LGEAP)	Subsidiary	Australia	December	100.0%	50,664	50,664
Arcelic-LG Klima Sanayi ve Ticarta A.S.(LGEAT)	Joint venture	Turkey	December	50.0%	40,844	40,844
Hitachi-LG Data Storage Inc.(HLDS)	Associate	Japan	December	49.0%	40,442	37,102
LG Fuel Cell Systems Inc.	Associate	USA	December	25.5%	26,098	26,098
LG Electronics Taiwan Taipei Co., Ltd.(LGETT)	Subsidiary	Taiwan	December	100.0%	10,865	10,865
LG Hitachi Water Solution Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Korea	December	51.0%	9,180	9,180
EIC PROPERTIES PTE LTD.	Joint venture	Singapore	December	38.2%	7,881	7,881
LG Fund for Enterprises	Joint venture	Korea	December	50.0%	2,136	2,136
Korea Information Certificate Authority Inc. ¹	Associate	Korea	December	9.3%	1,242	1,242
Hanuri Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Korea	December	100.0%	360	-
Triveni Digital Inc.	-	-	-	-	-	899
SKT Vietnam PTE., Ltd.	Associate	Vietnam	December	25.4%	-	-
Others	Subsidiary				749,775	749,775
Total					7,952,979	7,950,178

¹ Classified as an associate although the percentage of ownership is less than 20% because the Company has significant influence over the investee's board of directors.

(b) Changes in investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Opening net book amount	7,950,178	7,964,549
Acquisitions	3,700	9,180
Disposals	(899)	(81,748)
Closing net book amount	7,952,979	7,891,981

(c) The Company recognizes investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures at cost method on the basis of the direct equity interest and reviews indications that an impairment loss may have occurred at the end of each reporting period. On the occasion of the indication, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset using various means including the future cash flow method and recognizes the impairment loss immediately as current loss by decreasing book value of the asset if the book value exceeds the recoverable amount. The Company did not recognize the impairment loss relating investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

10. Borrowings

(a) The carrying amounts of borrowings as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Current		
Short-term borrowings	221,025	230,434
Current portion of long-term borrowings	517,500	337,500
Current portion of debentures	619,672	489,651
Sub-total	1,358,197	1,057,585
Non-current		
Long-term borrowings	1,872,500	2,152,500
Debentures	2,235,030	2,054,240
Sub-total	4,107,530	4,206,740
Total	5,465,727	5,264,325

- (b) Details of borrowings are as follows:
 - i) Short-term borrowings as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

		Annual interest	Carrying	amount
(in millions of Korean won)	Latest maturity date	rate at Mar. 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
General loans				
LG Electronics European				
Shared Service Center B.V.	2013.12.27	3ML+0.95%	118,013	124,750
Borrowings on negotiated trade bills ¹				
Woori Bank and others	-	0.75~1.5%	103,012	105,684
Total			221,025	230,434

¹ At the end of the reporting period, borrowings are collateralized by certain trade receivables of the Company.

ii) Long-term borrowings as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

	Lataat	Annual interest	N	/larch 31, 2013	6
(in millions of Korean won)	Latest maturity date	Rate at Mar. 31, 2013	Total	Current	Non-current
Local currency loans					
Kookmin Bank	2013.05.14	4.67%	190,000	190,000	-
Kookmin Bank	2014.11.12	4.62%	150,000	-	150,000
Kookmin Bank	2016.05.24	4.73%	190,000	-	190,000
NH Bank	2014.03.10	4.70%	190,000	190,000	-
Shinhan Bank	2016.10.19	4.37%	190,000	47,500	142,500
Shinhan Bank	2017.02.16	4.60%	190,000	-	190,000
Woori Bank	2017.10.28	4.62%	190,000	-	190,000
Korea Development Bank	2014.04.07	4.45%	190,000	-	190,000
Korea Development Bank	2014.11.24	4.55%	150,000	-	150,000
Korea Development Bank	2014.12.24	4.71%	140,000	-	140,000
Korea Development Bank	2015.03.10	5.06%	90,000	-	90,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2014.02.28	4.56%	90,000	90,000	-
Korea Finance Corporation	2015.02.28	4.80%	100,000	-	100,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2015.09.13	4.57%	80,000	-	80,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2015.12.24	4.64%	40,000	-	40,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2016.04.20	4.63%	30,000	-	30,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2017.03.29	4.62%	190,000	-	190,000
Total	_		2,390,000	517,500	1,872,500

	Latest	Annual interest	De	ecember 31, 201	2
(in millions of Korean won)	maturity date	rate at Dec. 31, 2012	Total	Current	Non-current
Local currency loans					
Kookmin Bank	2013.05.14	4.67%	190,000	190,000	-
Kookmin Bank	2014.11.12	4.62%	150,000	-	150,000
Kookmin Bank	2016.05.24	4.73%	190,000	-	190,000
NH Bank	2014.03.10	4.70%	190,000	-	190,000
Shinhan Bank	2016.10.19	4.37%	190,000	47,500	142,500
Shinhan Bank	2017.02.16	Financial bond 6M+0.94%	190,000	-	190,000
Woori Bank	2017.10.28	4.62%	190,000	-	190,000
Korea Development Bank	2013.03.11	4.59%	100,000	100,000	-
Korea Development Bank	2014.04.07	4.45%	190,000	-	190,000
Korea Development Bank	2014.11.24	4.55%	150,000	-	150,000
Korea Development Bank	2014.12.24	4.71%	140,000	-	140,000
Korea Development Bank	2015.03.10	5.06%	90,000	-	90,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2014.02.28	4.56%	90,000	-	90,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2015.02.28	4.80%	100,000	-	100,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2015.09.13	4.57%	80,000	-	80,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2015.12.24	4.64%	40,000	-	40,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2016.04.20	4.63%	30,000	-	30,000
Korea Finance Corporation	2017.03.29	4.62%	190,000		190,000
Total	_		2,490,000	337,500	2,152,500

iii) Debentures as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

		Latest	Annual interest	Μ	larch 31, 2013	3
(in millions of Korean won)	_	maturity date	rate at Mar. 31, 2013	Total	Current	Non- current
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (54 th)	2013.04.22	4.20%	190,000	190,000	-
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th)	2013.06.16	4.60%	190,000	190,000	-
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th)	2015.09.09	4.63%	190,000	-	190,000
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th)	2015.10.22	4.30%	190,000	-	190,000
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st)	2014.02.16	4.44%	130,000	130,000	-
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd)	2016.02.16	4.91%	60,000	-	60,000
Floating rate notes in foreign currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (59 th) ¹	2014.04.28	3ML+1.00%	189,057	-	189,057
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th)	2016.05.20	4.41%	190,000	-	190,000
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st)	2016.06.29	4.38%	190,000	-	190,000
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st)	2013.08.05	3.89%	110,000	110,000	-
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-2 nd)	2016.08.05	4.34%	80,000	-	80,000
Floating rate notes in foreign currency	Private, non-guaranteed bonds (63 rd) ¹	2014.08.23	3ML+0.70%	111,210	-	111,210
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (64 th)	2016.09.30	4.32%	190,000	-	190,000
Fixed rate notes in foreign currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds $(65^{th})^1$	2016.12.02	2.00%	251,765	-	251,765
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (66-1 st)	2015.09.10	3.18%	170,000	-	170,000
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (66-2 nd)	2017.09.10	3.28%	130,000	-	130,000
Fixed rate notes in local currency	Private, non-guaranteed bonds (67 th)	2018.03.21	3.11%	300,000	-	300,000
Less: discount on debentures				(7,330)	(328)	(7,002)
Total	_			2 954 702		
						2,235,030
	-	Lataat	Annual		619,672 cember 31, 20	
(in millions of Korean won)	-	Latest maturity date	Annual interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012		current	
	– – Public, non-guaranteed bonds (54 th)	maturity	interest rate at	Dec	ember 31, 20)12 Non-
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency	 Public, non-guaranteed bonds (54th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55th) 	maturity date	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012	Dec Total	cember 31, 20 Current)12 Non-
(in millions of Korean won)		maturity date 2013.04.22	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20%	Dec Total 190,000	cember 31, 20 Current 190,000)12 Non-
<i>(in millions of Korean won)</i> Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60%	Dec Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000	cember 31, 20 Current 190,000 190,000	Non- current - 190,000
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30%	Total 190,000 190,000	Current 190,000 190,000)12 Non- current -
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000	Current 190,000 190,000	012 Non- current - - 190,000 190,000
<i>(in millions of Korean won)</i> Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 60,000	Current 190,000 190,000	Non-current - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in foreign currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2014.04.28	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00%	Dec Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087	Current 190,000 190,000	Non-current - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in foreign currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (59 th) ¹	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2014.04.28 2016.05.20	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000	Current 190,000 190,000	Non- current - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (59 th) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2014.04.28 2016.05.20 2016.06.29	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000	Current 190,000 190,000 - - -	Non-current - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2014.02.16 2014.02.20 2014.04.28 2016.05.20 2013.08.05	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38% 3.89%	Dec Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 110,000	Current 190,000 190,000	Non- current - 190,000 190,000 130,000 132,087 190,000 190,000 -
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (69 th) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2016.05.20 2016.06.29 2013.08.05 2016.08.05	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38% 3.89% 4.34%	Dec Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 60,000	Current 190,000 190,000 - - -	Non-current - - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 80,000
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in foreign currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2014.04.28 2016.05.20 2013.08.05 2014.08.23	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38% 3.89% 4.34% 3ML+0.70%	Dec Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 100,000 100,000 107,110	Current 190,000 190,000 - - -	Non-current - - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (69 th) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-2 nd) Private, non-guaranteed bonds (63 rd) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (63 rd) ¹	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2016.05.20 2016.05.20 2013.08.05 2014.08.23 2014.08.23	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38% 3.89% 4.34% 3ML+0.70% 4.32%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 180,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 10,000 80,000 107,110 190,000	Current 190,000 190,000 - - -	Non-current - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (59 th) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-2 nd) Private, non-guaranteed bonds (63 ^{td}) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (63 ^{td}) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (64 th)	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2016.05.20 2016.06.29 2016.08.05 2014.08.23 2016.09.30 2016.12.02	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38% 3.89% 4.34% 3ML+0.70% 4.32% 2.00%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 100,000 80,000 107,110 190,000 252,216	Current 190,000 190,000 - - -	Non-current - - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 252,216
(in millions of Korean won) Fixed rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency Floating rate notes in local currency Fixed rate notes in local currency	Public, non-guaranteed bonds (55 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (56 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (57 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (58-2 nd) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (69 th) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (60 th) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (61 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-1 st) Public, non-guaranteed bonds (62-2 nd) Private, non-guaranteed bonds (63 rd) ¹ Public, non-guaranteed bonds (63 rd) ¹	maturity date 2013.04.22 2013.06.16 2015.09.09 2015.10.22 2014.02.16 2016.02.16 2016.05.20 2016.05.20 2013.08.05 2014.08.23 2014.08.23	interest rate at Dec. 31, 2012 4.20% 4.60% 4.63% 4.30% 4.44% 4.91% 3ML+1.00% 4.41% 4.38% 3.89% 4.34% 3ML+0.70% 4.32%	Total 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 180,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 10,000 80,000 107,110 190,000	Current	Non-current - - 190,000 190,000 130,000 60,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 182,087 190,000 190,000 190,000 190,000 - 80,000 107,110 190,000

Total

2,543,891

489,651 2,054,240

¹ The Company entered into a cross-currency swap contract amounting to USD270 million with Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ and others, and up to CHF215 million with Union Bank of Switzerland and others to hedge cash flow risk related to floating interest rates and foreign exchange rates of the debentures. At the end of the reporting period, the swap contracts are measured at fair value. The loss on valuation of the effective portion amounting to ₩747 million (2012: gain on valuation amounting to ₩1,116 million), after applying the tax effect, is recognized in other comprehensive loss and ₩5,919 million was reclassified from equity to net income (2012: net loss ₩4,348 million) during the three-month period ended March 31, 2013.

(c) Payment schedule of borrowings as of March 31, 2013, is as follows:

		Less than			
(in millions of Korean won)	Total	1 year	2 years	5 years	
Short-term borrowings Current portion of long-term	222,337	222,337	-	-	
borrowings	533,051	533,051	-	-	
Current portion of debentures	632,092	632,092	-	-	
Long-term borrowings	2,111,912	86,569	941,025	1,084,318	
Debentures	2,523,022	87,477	372,184	2,063,361	
Total	6,022,414	1,561,526	1,313,209	3,147,679	

The above cash flows are calculated at nominal value based on the earliest maturity dates, and include cash flows of principal and interests.

11. Net Defined Benefit Liability

(a) The amounts recognized in the statements of financial position as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are determined as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Present value of funded obligations	1,476,483	1,365,526
Fair value of plan assets	(886,803)	(897,928)
Net defined benefit liability	589,680	467,598

(b) The amounts recognized in the statements of income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012	
Current service cost	56,811	49,034	
Net interest expense	3,545	3,548	
Costs of managing the plan assets	311	371	
Total	60,667	52,953	

(c) The line items in which expenses are included for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012	
Cost of sales	31,437	28,066	
Selling and marketing expenses	8,449	7,684	
Administrative expenses	3,393	2,262	
Research and development expenses	16,479	14,150	
Service costs	909	791	
Total	60,667	52,953	

- (d) Cumulative actuarial losses after income tax effect recognized in the statement of comprehensive income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, are ₩270,611 million (2012: ₩216,047 million).
- (e) Changes in the defined benefit obligations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012	
At January 1	1,365,526	1,073,729	
Current service cost	56,811	49,034	
Interest expense	12,299	11,996	
Remeasurements for:			
 Actuarial gain arising from changes in financial assumptions 	71,711	16,827	
Benefits paid	(25,613)	(22,991)	
Decrease due to the transfer of business	(4,251)	-	
At March 31	1,476,483	1,128,595	

(f) Changes in the fair value of plan assets for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
At January 1	897,928	710,111
Interest income	8,754	8,448
Remeasurements for:		
 Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) 	(272)	(436)
Benefits paid	(16,357)	(15,759)
Decrease due to the transfer of business	(2,939)	-
Costs of managing the plan assets	(311)	(371)
At March 31	886,803	701,993

(g) The actual return on plan assets for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, is ₩8,482 million (2012: ₩8,012 million).

(h) The principal actuarial assumptions used as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	
Discount rate	3.2%	3.7%	
Future salary increases	6.0%	6.0%	

(i) The sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation to changes in principal assumptions as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, is as follows:

	1% increase	1% decrease	
Discount rate	(134,334)	157,038	
Future salary increases	151,771	(132,789)	

(j) Plan assets as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Time deposits and others	302,267	367,786
Debt instruments (guaranteed)	300,892	288,197
Securities combined with derivatives (guaranteed)	231,058	197,178
Equity instruments	1,510	948
Others	51,076	43,819
Total	886,803	897,928

(k) At the end of the reporting period, the Company's weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 10.3 years and the maturity analysis of undiscounted pension benefit payments are as follows:

	Less than	Between	Between	Between	Over	
(in millions of Korean won)	1 year	1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years	5 and 10 years	10 years	Total
Benefits	82,760	81,214	277,507	491,762	1,154,544	2,087,787

12. Provisions

Changes in provisions during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

		2013			
				Litigation	
(in millions of Korean won)	Warranty	Sales returns	Restoration	and others	Total
At January 1	199,470	1,103	5,651	746,115	952,339
Additional provisions	82,312	1,392	-	10,506	94,210
Used during the period	(71,395)	(1,103)		(623)	(73,121)
At March 31	210,387	1,392	5,651	755,998	973,428
Current	200,976	1,392	-	-	202,368
Non-current	9,411		5,651	755,998	771,060

	2012					
(in millions of Korean won)	Warranty	Sales returns	Restoration	and others	Total	
At January 1	177,586	493	4,568	331,922	514,569	
Additional provisions	91,703	1,430	496	12,305	105,934	
Used during the period	(70,207)	(493)		(17,801)	(88,501)	
At March 31	199,082	1,430	5,064	326,426	532,002	
Current	191,291	1,430	-	-	192,721	
Non-current	7,791		5,064	326,426	339,281	

13. Paid-in Capital

(a) As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the number of shares authorized is 600 million.

	Par value	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	per share	Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount
	(in won)	shares issued	(in millions)	shares issued	(in millions)
Common stock	5,000	163,647,814	818,239	163,647,814	818,239
Preferred stock ¹	5,000	17,185,992	85,930	17,185,992	85,930
Total		180,833,806	904,169	180,833,806	904,169

¹ The preferred shareholders have no voting rights and are entitled to preferred dividends at a rate of one percentage point over that of common shares. This preferred dividend rate is not applicable to stock dividends. In addition, the preferred shareholders have same rights on the remaining assets as common shareholders. Repayment and conversion are not applicable to preferred shares.

(b) Share premium balances are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Share premium ²	3,088,179	3,088,179

² Share premium includes the amount of \#1,876,153 million, less capital stock amounting to \#783,961 million and capital adjustment amounting to \#155,593 million from net book amount of net assets amounting to \#2,815,707 million taken over due to the split-off on April 1, 2002. In addition, the amount of \#331,766 million paid in excess of par value due to issuance of common shares (merger with LG IBMPC Co., Ltd.) and the exercise of conversion right and warrants in 2005 and 2006 are included. The excess in paid-in capital amounting to \#880,260 million over the par value was recognized as the share premium due to issuance of common shares in 2011.

14. Retained Earnings

Retained earnings as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Legal reserve ¹	149,503	145,816
Discretionary reserve ²	5,872,588	6,351,342
Accumulated deficit	(22,719)	(438,096)
Total	5,999,372	6,059,062

¹ The Commercial Code of the Republic of Korea requires the Company to appropriate, as a legal reserve, an amount equal to a minimum of 10% of cash dividends paid until such reserve equals 50% of its issued capital stock. The reserve is not available for the payment of cash dividends, but may be transferred to capital stock or used to reduce accumulated deficit.

² The Company separately accumulates a discretionary reserve for research and human resource development through appropriation of retained earnings, which has been included as deductible expense for the corporate income tax return according to the Special Tax Treatment Law. The reserve could be reversed in accordance with the terms of related tax laws.

15. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income(loss)

Details of accumulated other comprehensive income(loss) as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	
Cash flow hedge	(1,486)	(739)	
Available-for-sale financial assets	7,443	5,103	
Total	5,957	4,364	

16. Other Components of Equity

Details of other components of equity as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	
Treasury shares ¹	(44,893)	(44,893)	
Consideration for conversion rights	9,891	9,891	
Gain on disposal of treasury shares	2,183	2,183	
Total	(32,819)	(32,819)	

¹ The Company has treasury shares consisting of 763,168 shares (2012: 763,168 shares) of common shares and 4,690 shares (2012: 4,690 shares) of preferred shares at the reporting date. The Company intends to either grant these treasury shares to employees and directors as compensation, or to sell them in the future.

17. Net Sales

Details of net sales for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Sales of goods	6,684,144	6,026,877
Sales of services	130,875	134,658
Royalty income	82,987	75,458
Total	6,898,006	6,236,993

18. Expenses by Nature

Expenses that are recorded by nature for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Changes in inventories	(148,506)	(131,854)
Purchase of raw materials and merchandise	4,892,656	4,337,655
Employee benefit expense	835,437	733,618
Depreciation and amortization	209,319	203,353
Advertising expense	101,819	102,927
Promotion expense	37,155	43,121
Transportation expense	163,262	140,927
Commission expense	322,416	294,774
Other expenses	504,765	430,055
Total ¹	6,918,323	6,154,576

¹ Cost of sales, selling and marketing expenses, administrative expenses, research and development expenses and service costs are included.

19. General Operating Expenses (Selling and marketing expenses, Administrative expenses, Research and development expenses and Service costs)

Details of general operating expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Wages and salaries	324,753	281,013
Severance benefits	30,031	25,396
Welfare expense	47,388	42,255
Transportation expense	160,845	137,218
Rental expense	37,996	35,132
Commission expense	219,947	196,362
Depreciation	30,259	27,536
Amortization	61,052	68,021
Taxes and dues	3,446	1,275
Advertising expense	101,819	102,927
Promotion expense	37,155	43,121
Direct R&D costs	103,174	88,911
Direct service costs	82,303	79,916
Bad debt expense (reversal)	20,203	(3,169)
Other	89,918	74,508
Total	1,350,289	1,200,422

20. Financial Income

Financial income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, consists of:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Interest income	9,037	11,038
Exchange differences	46,983	71,241
Gain on derivatives	-	1,590
Other	166	-
Total	56,186	83,869

21. Financial Expenses

Financial expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Interest expense	56,358	59,173
Exchange differences	34,650	57,607
Loss on derivatives	-	1,805
Other	17	672
Total	91,025	119,257

22. Other Non-operating Income

Other non-operating income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, consists of:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Dividend income	144,415	188,111
Exchange differences	129,655	141,349
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,171	507
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	263	-
Gain on disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	2,574	133,009
Other	3,004	5,955
Total	281,082	468,931

23. Other Non-operating Expenses

Other non-operating expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Exchange differences	175,988	98,239
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,036	781
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	5,762	5,476
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets	453	27
Other	9,608	17,658
Total	192,847	122,181

24. Earnings per Share

The Company has no potential dilutive common shares. Accordingly, basic earnings per share is identical to diluted earnings per share.

(a) Basic earnings per common share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, is as follows:

	2013	2012
Profit attributable to common shares (in millions of won) ¹	28,522	285,934
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (unit: shares) ²	162,884,646	162,884,649
Basic earnings per common share (in won)	175	1,755

(b) Basic earnings per preferred share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, is as follows:

	2013	2012
Loss attributable to preferred shares (in millions of won) ¹	3,224	30,376
Weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding (unit: shares) ²	17,181,302	17,181,305
Basic earnings per preferred share (in won)	188	1,768

¹ Profit attributable to common and preferred shares for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, is as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Profit for the period (A)	31,746	316,310
Common share dividends (B)	8,144	8,144
Preferred share dividends (C)	1,074	1,074
Undistributed earnings (D=A-B-C)	22,528	307,092
Undistributed earnings available for common shares (E)	20,378	277,790
Undistributed earnings available for preferred shares (F)	2,150	29,302
Profit attributable to common shares (G=B+E)	28,522	285,934
Profit attributable to preferred shares (H=C+F)	3,224	30,376

² Weighted average numbers of shares for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are calculated as follows:

(unit: shares)	2013	2012
Common shares outstanding	163,647,814	163,647,814
Common treasury shares	(763,168)	(763,165)
Common shares	162,884,646	162,884,649
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	162,884,646	162,884,649
Preferred shares outstanding	17,185,992	17,185,992
Preferred treasury shares	(4,690)	(4,687)
Preferred shares	17,181,302	17,181,305
Weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding	17,181,302	17,181,305

25. Dividends

The dividends in respect of the year ended December 31, 2012, amounting to #36,872 million, were paid in April 2013 (2012: #36,872 million).

26. Information on Cash Flow

(a) A reconciliation between operating profit and net cash inflow(outflow) from operating activities is as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Profit for the period	31,746	316,310
Adjustments:		
Interest expense, net	47,321	48,135
Exchange differences, net	38,288	(38,612)
Loss on derivatives, net	-	215
Depreciation	129,444	119,304
Amortization	80,323	84,630
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, net	5,364	5,750
Provisions for severance benefits	60,667	52,953
Provisions	94,210	105,934
Dividend income	(144,415)	(188,111)
Income tax expense	1,333	77,469
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets	453	27
Gain on disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	(2,574)	(133,009)
Other	32,623	(4,827)
	343,037	129,858
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:

Cash generated from operations	158,611	114,028
	(216,172)	(332,140)
Payment of defined benefit liability	(9,256)	(7,232)
Decrease in other liabilities	(40,375)	(51,208)
Decrease in provisions	(73,121)	(88,501)
Increase(decrease) in other payables	66,173	(78,780)
Increase in trade payables	1,020,690	59,964
Decrease(increase) in other assets	(42,845)	19,155
Increase in inventories	(158,129)	(127,123)
Increase in loans and other receivables	(1,343)	(35,652)
Increase in trade receivables	(977,966)	(22,763)
5 . 5		

(b) Significant transactions not affecting cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Reclassification of construction-in-progress of property, plant and equipment	352,425	69,591
Reclassification of intangible assets in progress	44,278	64,160
Reclassification of long-term prepayment to intangible assets	21,900	20,995
Reclassification of current maturities of borrowings	409,774	100,000

- (c) The assets and liabilities arising from the transfer of business
 - i) The Company transferred Data Storage division to Hitachi-LG Data Storage Inc. on March 1, 2013.
 - ii) Total consideration received and the assets and liabilities arising from the transfer of business are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	Amount	
Total consideration ¹	3,436	
Assets of the transferred business:		
Property, plant and equipment	4,103	
Intangible assets	645	
Liabilities of the transferred business:		
Defined benefit liabilities	1,312	

¹ This total consideration is recognized as loans and other receivables as of March 31, 2013.

27. Contingencies

(a) At the end of the reporting period, the Company is provided with a performance guarantee of \forall 124,707 million (2012: \forall 130,483 million) from Seoul Guarantee Insurance and two other banks relating to the sales contracts.

(b) At the end of the reporting period, the Company is contingently liable for guarantees amounting to $\frac{1}{2},955,722$ million (2012: $\frac{1}{2},519,427$ million) on the indebtedness of its subsidiaries. Details are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
LG Electronics European Shared Service Center	707.044	500 500
B.V.(LGESC)	727,344	532,522
LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.(LGEUS)	305,828	289,197
LG Electronics Ticaret A.S.(LGETK)	288,329	226,845
LG Electronics (China) Co., Ltd.(LGECH)	203,112	195,293
LG Electronics do Brasil Ltda.(LGEBR)	139,013	133,888
LG Electronics Inc Chile Ltda.(LGECL)	131,895	101,326
LG Electronics Algeria SARL(LGEAS)	129,631	108,482
LG-Shaker Co., Ltd.(LGESR)	114,733	110,496
LG Electronics Thailand Co., Ltd.(LGETH)	87,200	83,830
LG Electronics Argentina S.A.(LGEAR)	85,213	81,714
LG Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd.(LGEVN)	78,358	75,534
LG Electronics Philippines Inc.(LGEPH)	68,949	56,098
LG Electronics Ukraine Inc.(LGEUR)	68,265	66,530
LG Electronics Almaty Kazakhstan(LGEAK)	66,726	22,493
LG Electronics Morocco S.A.R.L(LGEMC)	57,854	57,065
LG Electronics S.A. (Pty) Ltd.(LGESA)	47,513	49,646
LG Electronics Peru S.A.(LGEPR)	45,819	44,129
Other	309,940	284,339
Total	2,955,722	2,519,427

The maturities of the above limited guarantees provided by the Company as of the end of the reporting period are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	201	13	
Less than 1 year	Less than 2 years	Less than 5 years	Over 5 years
2,690,416	233,282	32,024	-

(c) The Company has contingent liabilities with respect to litigations and others arising in the ordinary course of business. Major investigations and litigations are as follows:

In December 2012, the European Commission imposed a penalty on the Company for anticompetitive activities among CRT (Cathode Ray Tube) manufacturers as a result of an investigation. The Company recognized such penalty amounting to EUR491,567 thousand, a reasonably expected loss, as a litigation provision. However, the Company appealed the decision of the European Commission. The ultimate amount of loss resulting from the investigation may differ from the amount of penalty imposed.

In addition, the Company and certain foreign subsidiaries have been named as defendants in class actions in the United States and in Canada, in connection with the alleged anticompetitive activities among CRT manufacturers. The Company recognized an estimated loss related to certain investigations as a litigation provision. The ultimate amount of loss resulting from the investigation may differ from the estimated loss accrued by the Company.

The Company and certain foreign subsidiaries have been named as defendants in a class action in the United States and in Canada, in connection with the alleged anti-competitive activities among ODD (Optical Disk Drive) manufacturers. The consequences of that lawsuits and the effect to the financial statements could not be estimated reasonably as of the end of reporting period.

There are a number of other legal actions that remain pending at the end of the reporting period. It is not anticipated that any material liabilities will arise from these contingent liabilities other than those provided for.

28. Commitments

(a) At the end of the reporting period, the Company has overdraft facility agreements with various banks, including Shinhan Bank, with a limit of #245,500 million (2012: #245,500 million).

(b) At the end of the reporting period, the Company has sales agreements for export trade receivables with Shinhan Bank and other 27 various banks amounting to #4,579,628 million (2012: #4,879,932 million) and for domestic trade receivables with Deutsche Bank amounting to #71,261 million (2012: #70,813 million). The Company has corporate electronic settlement services contracts for collection of trade receivables with Hana Bank of up to #126,000 million (2012: #126,000 million).

(c) At the end of the reporting period, the Company has corporate electronic settlement services contracts with Shinhan Bank and seven other banks for up to $\forall 935,450$ million (2012: $\forall 945,450$ million) which guarantee the payment of trade accounts payable in case the suppliers sell their trade receivables.

(d) At the end of the reporting period, the Company has other trade financing agreements and loan commitments with financial institutions, including Industrial Bank of Korea.

(e) Contractual commitments for the acquisition of assets

The property, plant and equipment and intangible assets contracted for, but not yet acquired at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Property, plant and equipment	16,055	22,182
Intangible assets	2,289	20
Total	18,344	22,202

(f) Operating lease commitments - the Company as lessee

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	March 31, 2013			
(in millions of Korean won)	No later than 1 year	Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years	Total lease payments	
Buildings and offices	47,578	37,581	85,159	
Vehicles	9,116	4,203	13,319	
Equipment	16,470	10,629	27,099	
Total	73,164	52,413	125,577	

(g) Operating lease commitments – the Company as lessor

The Company has an operating lease agreement regarding heathcare rental business that lends water purifiers to customers. The future aggregate lease incomes under operating leases at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	March 31, 2013			
	No later than Later than 1 year and Over Total least			Total lease
(in millions of Korean won)	1 year	no later than 3 years	3 years	payments
Healthcare rental	66,668	132,254	62,252	261,174

The Company recognized \forall 17,811 million (2012: \forall 11,224 million) in lease income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013.

At the end of reporting period, acquisition cost of operating lease assets amount to #65,000 million and their accumulated depreciation amounts to #20,461 million.

(h) Trademark license commitments

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has various agreements as follows:

Purpose	Related products	Provided by	Used by
Use of license	Mobile	QUALCOMM Incorporated and others	LG Electronics Inc.
Provision of license	Home appliance	LG Electronics Inc.	Panasonic Corporation and others

29. Related Party Transactions

(a) Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2013, are as follows:

Territory	Country	Subsidiaries
The Republic of Korea	Korea	Hiplaza Co., Ltd.
	Korea	Hi Business Logistics Co., Ltd.
	Korea	Hi Entech Co., Ltd.
	Korea	LG Hitachi Water Solution Co., Ltd.
	Korea	ACE R&A Co., Ltd.
	Korea	Hi-M.Solutek
	Korea	Hi Teleservice Co., Ltd.
	Korea	LGE Alliance Fund
	Korea	Innovation investment Fund
	Korea	KTB Technology Fund
	Korea	LG Innotek Co., Ltd.
	Korea	LG Innotek Alliance Fund
	Korea	Innowith Co., Ltd.
	Korea	Hanuri Co., Ltd.
China	China	Hi Logistics (China) Co., Ltd.
	China	Inspur LG Digital Mobile Communications Co., Ltd.(LGEYT
	China	LG Electronics (China) Co., Ltd.(LGECH)
	China	LG Electronics (China) Research and Development Centre Co., Ltd.(LGERD)
	China	LG Electronics (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd.(LGEHN)
	China	LG Electronics (Kunshan) Computer Co., Ltd.(LGEKS)
	China	LG Electronics (Shanghai) Research and Development Center Co., Ltd.(LGCRC)
	China	LG Electronics Air-Conditioning(Shandong) Co., Ltd.(LGEQA)
	China	LG Electronics HK Ltd.(LGEHK)
	China	LG Electronics Huizhou Ltd.(LGEHZ)
	China	LG Electronics Nanjing Display Co., Ltd.(LGEND)
	China	LG Electronics Qinhuangdao Inc.(LGEQH)
	China	LG Electronics Shenyang Inc.(LGESY)
	China	LG Electronics Tianjin Appliances Co., Ltd.(LGETA)
	China	NanJing LG-Panda Appliances Co., Ltd.(LGEPN)
	China	Qingdao LG Inspur Digital Communication Co., Ltd.(LGEQD)
	China	Shanghai LG Electronics Co., Ltd.(LGESH)
	China	Taizhou LG Electronics Refrigeration Co., Ltd.(LGETR)
	China	Tianjin Lijie cartridge heater Co., Ltd.(LGETL)

Territory	Country	Subsidiaries
	China	LG Innotek (Yantai) Co., Ltd.(LGITYT)
	China	LG Innotek (Huizhou) Co., Ltd.(LGITHZ)
	China	LG Innotek (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd.(LGITFZ)
	China	LG Innotek (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd.(LGITGZ)
	China	LG Innotek (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.(LGITSH)
	China	HiEntech (Tianjin) Co., LTD.
Asia	Australia	LG Electronics Australia Pty, Ltd.(LGEAP)
	India	LG Electronics India Pvt. Ltd.(LGEIL)
	Japan	LG Electronics Japan Lab. Inc.(LGEJL)
	Japan	LG Electronics Japan, Inc.(LGEJP)
	Malaysia	LG Electronics Malaysia SDN. BHD(LGEML)
	Philippines	LG Electronics Philippines Inc.(LGEPH)
	Singapore	LG Electronics Singapore PTE LTD.(LGESL)
	Taiwan	LG Electronics Taiwan Taipei Co., Ltd.(LGETT)
	Thailand	LG Electronics Thailand Co., Ltd.(LGETH)
	Vietnam	LG Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd.(LGEVN)
	India	LG Soft India Private Limited.(LGSI)
	Indonesia	P.T. LG Electronics Indonesia(LGEIN)
	Philippines	LG Electronics Pasig Inc.
	India	Hi Logistics India Private Limited
	Malaysia	HI LOGISTICS MALAYSIA SDN BHD
	Indonesia	PT LG Innotek Indonesia(LGITIN)
	Taiwan	LG Innotek (Taiwan) Ltd.(LGITTW)
Europe	Netherlands	Hi Logistics Europe B.V.
	Austria	LG Electronics Austria GmbH(LGEAG)
	Netherlands	LG Electronics Benelux Sales B.V.(LGEBN)
	Czech Republic	LG Electronics CZ, s.r.o.(LGECZ)
	Germany	LG Electronics Deutschland GmbH(LGEDG)
	Spain	LG Electronics Espana S.A.(LGEES)
	Netherlands	LG Electronics European Holdings B.V.(LGEEH)
	Netherlands	LG Electronics European Shared Service Center B.V.(LGESC)
	France	LG Electronics France S.A.S.(LGEFS)
	Greece	LG Electronics Hellas S.A.(LGEHS)
	Italy	LG Electronics Italia S.p.A(LGEIS)
	Latvia	LG Electronics Latvia, LLC(LGELV)
	Hungary	LG Electronics Magyar KFT(LGEMK)
	Poland	LG Electronics Mlawa Sp. z o.o(LGEMA)

Territory	Country	Subsidiaries
	France	LG Electronics Mobilecomm France(LGEMF)
	Sweden	LG Electronics Nordic AB(LGESW)
	Norway	LG Electronics Norway AS(LGENO)
	Poland	LG Electronics Polska Sp. z o.o(LGEPL)
	Portugal	LG Electronics Portugal S.A.(LGEPT)
	Romania	LG Electronics Romania S.R.L.(LGERO)
	UK	LG Electronics United Kingdom Ltd.(LGEUK)
	Poland	LG Electronics Wroclaw Sp.z o.o(LGEWR)
	Poland	LG Innotek Poland Sp z o.o.(LGITPO)
North America	USA	LG Electronics Miami Inc.(LGEMI)
	USA	LG Electronics Alabama Inc.(LGEAI)
	Canada	LG Electronics Canada, Inc.(LGECI)
	Mexico	LG Electronics Mexicalli, S.A. DE C.V.(LGEMX)
	Mexico	LG Electronics Mexico S.A. DE C.V.(LGEMS)
	USA	LG Electronics Mobile Research U.S.A., L.L.C.(LGEMR)
	USA	LG Electronics Mobilecomm U.S.A., Inc.(LGEMU)
	Mexico	LG Electronics Monterrey Mexico S.A.de C.V.(LGEMM)
	Mexico	LG Electronics Reynosa S.A. DE C.V.(LGERS)
	USA	LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.(LGEUS)
	USA	LG Receivable Funding LLC
	Mexico	Servicios Integrales LG S.A DE C.V
	Mexico	Servicios LG Monterrey Mexico S.A. de C.V.
	USA	Zenith Electronics Corporation of Pennsylvania
	USA	Zenith Electronics Corporation(Zenith)
	USA	LG Innotek USA, Inc.(LGITUS)
	Mexico	HILOGISTICS MEXICO SA DE CV
South America	Brazil	LG Armagem Geral Ltda.
	Argentina	LG Electronics Argentina S.A.(LGEAR)
	Colombia	LG Electronics Colombia Ltda.(LGECB)
	Brazil	LG Electronics do Brasil Ltda.(LGEBR)
	Honduras	LG Electronics Honduras S.de R.L.
	Chile	LG Electronics Inc Chile Ltda.(LGECL)
	Panama	LG Electronics Panama, S.A.(LGEPS)
	Peru	LG Electronics Peru S.A.(LGEPR)
	Venezuela	LG Electronics Venezuela S.A.(LGEVZ)
	Brazil	SOCIO VIP Ltda.
	Panama	C&S America Solutions

Territory	Country	Subsidiaries
	Panama	LG Consulting corp.
	Panama	LG Electronics Guatemala S.A.
Viddle East and Africa	Nigeria	Easytec Global Services Innovation Limited
	Angola	LG Electronics Angola Limitada(LGEAO)
	Jordan	LG Electronics (Levant) Jordan(LGELF)
	UAE	LG Electronics Africa Logistics FZE(LGEAF)
	Algeria	LG Electronics Algeria SARL(LGEAS)
	UAE	LG Electronics Dubai FZE(LGEDF)
	Egypt	LG Electronics Egypt S.A.E(LGEEG)
	UAE	LG Electronics Gulf FZE(LGEGF)
	UAE	LG Electronics Middle East Co., Ltd.(LGEME)
	Morocco	LG Electronics Morocco S.A.R.L(LGEMC)
	Nigeria	LG Electronics Nigeria Limited(LGENI)
	Tunisia	LG Electronics North Africa Service Company S.A.R.L
	UAE	LG Electronics Overseas Trading FZE(LGEOT)
	South Africa	LG Electronics S.A. (Pty) Ltd.(LGESA)
	Turkey	LG Electronics Ticaret A.S.(LGETK)
	Saudi Arabia	LG-Shaker Co., Ltd.(LGESR)
	Kenya	LG Electronics Service Kenya Limited(LGESK)
	Saudi Arabia	LG Electronics Saudi Arabia Limited
Other	Russia	LG Alina Electronics(LGERI)
	Kazakhstan	LG Electronics Almaty Kazakhstan(LGEAK)
	Russia	LG Electronics RUS, LLC(LGERA)
	Russia	LG Electronics RUS-Marketing, LLC(LGERM)
	Ukraine	LG Electronics Ukraine Inc.(LGEUR)

(b) The related parties of the Company other than subsidiaries as of the end of reporting period are as follows:

Classification	Name
Significantly influencing the Company	LG Corp.
Associates and joint ventures ¹	LG Display Co., Ltd. and others
Other related parties	SERVEONE Co., Ltd., LG CNS Co., Ltd., and others

¹ The details of associates and joint ventures are provided in Note 9.

- (c) Significant transactions and balances
 - i) Significant transactions for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, and balances as of March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

	2013		2012	
(in millions of Korean won)	Sales	Purchases	Sales	Purchases
LG Corp.	113	33,298	705	29,938
Subsidiaries	4,457,815	547,328	3,988,894	383,110
Associates and joint ventures	50,001	533,107	112,111	439,008
Other related parties	11,634	283,129	19,876	238,858
Total	4,519,563	1,396,862	4,121,586	1,090,914

	March 31, 2013		December	31, 2012
(in millions of Korean won)	Receivables	Payables	Receivables	Payables
LG Corp.	30,252	11,235	29,394	503
Subsidiaries	4,208,686	2,381,290	3,685,152	2,282,739
Associates and joint ventures	99,997	212,731	92,525	193,371
Other related parties	77,962	336,896	76,154	398,012
Total	4,416,897	2,942,152	3,883,225	2,874,625

ii) Significant capital transactions with related parties and others for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2013	2012
Subsidiaries		
Receipt of dividends	133,870	151,495
Associates and joint ventures		
Capital investment	3,340	-
Receipt of dividends	10,250	36,341

iii) The details of the transfer of business between the Company and related parties are provided in Note 26.

- (d) The payment guarantees for related parties at the end of the reporting period are presented in Note 27.
- (e) The Company has not recognized any allowance for trade receivables from related parties for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

30. Risk Management

Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial risk management ("FRM") policy supports each business division to achieve excellent performance solidly and continuously against market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. In addition, FRM helps the Company to enhance cost competitiveness through cost-efficient financing cost by improving financial structure and effective cash management.

While cooperating with other divisions, the finance team in the Company mainly implements FRM. This involves setting-up risk management policies and recognizing, evaluating and hedging risks from a global point of view.

The Company mitigates the adverse effects from financial risk by monitoring the risk periodically and updating FRM policy each year.

The information of the carrying amount of in each category of financial instruments and the details of borrowings related to the financial risk management presented in Note 4 and Note 10, respectively.

- (a) Market risk
 - i) Foreign exchange risk

Due to its multinational business operations, the Company is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk on the US Dollar and Euro. The Japanese Yen, Australian Dollar, British Pound and Canadian Dollar also need to be considered for foreign exchange risk.

The purpose of foreign exchange risk management is to provide the foundation of a stable business operation by minimizing the uncertainty and volatility of foreign exchange gains and losses from foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

The Company's foreign exchange risk management policy is implemented under its global hedge policy. The Company consistently reviews and applies hedge measures through various efficient means including the negotiation on trade receivables in foreign currency.

Speculative foreign exchange trading is strictly prohibited.

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, if the foreign exchange rate of the Korean won fluctuated by 10% while other variables were fixed, the effects on income(loss) before tax would be as follows:

	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
(in millions of Korean won)	10% increase	10% decrease	10% increase	10% decrease
USD/KRW	(163,163)	163,163	(139,678)	139,678
EUR/KRW	46,705	(46,705)	42,169	(42,169)

The above sensitivity analysis is done with foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities which are not in the Company's functional currency.

ii) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through changes in interest-bearing assets or liabilities. The risk mainly arises from financial deposits and borrowings with variable interest rates linked to market interest rate changes in the future. The objective of interest rate risk management lies in maximizing corporate value by minimizing uncertainty caused by fluctuations in interest rates and minimizing net interest expense.

As of March 31, 2013, as interest rate increases, net interest expense would decrease because the amounts of financial deposits with variable interest rate are greater than those of borrowings with variable interest rate. However, to mitigate interest rate risk, the Company manages interest rate risk fundamentally by reducing borrowings with high interest rates, maintaining an adequate mix between short-term and long-term liabilities and between fixed and variable interest rates, monitoring daily, weekly, and monthly interest rate trends in domestic and international markets, setting up counter measures and managing short term borrowings and financial deposits with variable interest rate.

At the end of the reporting period, if interest rates fluctuate by 100bp without other variables changing, the effects on income and expenses related to borrowings and financial deposits with variable interest rates for the three-month periods are as follows:

	March 31, 2013		March 31, 2012	
(in millions of Korean won)	100bp increase	100bp decrease	100bp increase	100bp decrease
Interest expense	458	(458)	3,003	(3,003)
Interest income	2,446	(2,446)	3,786	(3,786)

iii) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk through securities owned by the Company classified as available-for-sale financial assets on the interim separate financial statements.

The listed securities owned by the Company are traded in the public market, and related to KOSPI and KOSDAQ Indices.

The effect of price index's fluctuation related to the listed securities on the equity (before applying the tax effect) is set out in the below table. The analysis is performed in respect of 30% increase/decrease of price index under the assumption that other variations are consistent and the listed securities owned by the Company have correlation with the relevant past index.

	March 31, 2013		Decembe	er 31, 2012
(in millions of Korean won)	30% increase	30% decrease	30% increase	30% decrease
KOSPI	1	(1)	1	(1)
KOSDAQ	2,651	(2,651)	1,764	(1,764)

The valuation and the reclassified amounts of the cash flow hedging derivative and the available-for-sale financial asset related to the market risk above are presented in Note 6 and Note 10, respectively.

(b) Credit risk

The Company operates a consistent Global Credit / TR (trade receivables) policy to manage credit risk exposure.

The purpose of the Global Credit / TR policy is to support timely decision-making and minimize loss by securing payment of TR. The policy is composed of five categories: Credit Management, TR Management, Internal Credit Limit Management, Credit / TR Risk Monitoring and Country Risk Management.

Assumed TR risk is especially mitigated with credit insurance, guarantees / collateral, and internal credit limits. In order to manage the risk, Credit Insurance Program is structured with Korea Trade Insurance Corporation (K-Sure) and Seoul Guarantee Insurance (Coface).

Adequate internal credit limit is assessed by the evaluation standards of Global Credit / TR Policy and applied strictly with authorization matrix and procedures.

As of March 31, 2013, trade receivable balance of the Company, excluding the trade receivables from the subsidiaries, is #1,787,923 million (2012: #1,263,124 million) and its risk is managed appropriately with insurer's credit limit of #2,105,835 million (2012: #2,631,644 million).

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company is unable to meet its short-term payment obligations on time due to deterioration of its business performance or inability to access financing.

The Company forecasts its cash flow and liquidity status and sets action plans on a regular base to manage liquidity risk proactively. The Company assigns experts in four overseas regional treasury centers ("RTC") to manage liquidity risk efficiently.

In addition, the Company copes with potential financial distress by maintaining adequate amount of cash and committed credit facilities. The balance of cash and cash equivalents, and current-financial deposits at March 31, 2013, is #1,028,206 million (2012: #1,164,246 million).

The Company maintains total committed credit lines of #600,000 million (2012: #600,000 million) in Woori Bank, Kookmin Bank, and Shinhan Bank in Korea at March 31, 2013.

As of March 31, 2013, the balance of cash and cash equivalents, and current-financial deposits of the Company is about 76% (2012: 110%) of current borrowings due in 12 months. If committed credit lines are included, the balance covers about 120% (2012: 167%) of short-term borrowings.

In addition, the Company is able to source funds any time in domestic and international financial markets as of the end of reporting period because it has good investment credit grades from Korea Investors Service, Korea Ratings and NICE Information Service of AA0-Stable, and Standard & Poors and Moody's of BBB- Stable and Baa2 Negative, respectively.

Cash flow information on maturity of borrowings is presented in Note 10.

Capital Risk Management

The Company's capital risk management purpose is to maximize shareholders' value through maintaining a sound capital structure. The Company monitors financial ratios, such as liability to equity ratio and net borrowing ratio each month and implements required action plan to improve the capital structure.

Debt-to-equity ratio and net borrowing ratio are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won, except for ratios)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Liabilities (A)	15,267,894	13,809,221
Equity (B) Cash and cash equivalents and current-financial	9,964,858	10,022,955
deposits (C)	1,028,206	1,164,246
Borrowings (D)	5,465,727	5,264,325
Debt-to-equity ratio (A/B)	153%	138%
Net borrowings ratio (D-C)/B	45%	41%

Fair Value Estimation

(a) The book values and fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are as follows:

	March 31, 2013		December	[.] 31, 2012
	Book		Book	
(in millions of Korean won)	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Current financial asset items:				
[Assets at amortized cost]				
- Cash and cash equivalents	978,206	978,206	1,114,246	1,114,246
- Financial deposits	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
- Trade receivables	5,699,989	5,699,989	4,693,196	4,693,196
- Loans and other receivables	420,939	420,939	328,652	328,652
- Other financial assets				
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	53,555	53,555
Non-current financial asset items:				
[Assets at fair value]				
- Other financial assets				
Derivatives	4,826	4,826	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets ¹	10,723	10,723	7,636	7,636
[Assets at amortized cost]			,	
- Financial deposits	10,826	10,826	14,321	14,321
- Loans and other receivables	410,543	379,349	407,037	375,418
Total financial assets	7,586,052	7,554,858	6,668,643	6,637,024

¹ Available-for-sale financial assets measured at cost are not included in the above table.

	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Book		Book	
(in millions of Korean won)	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Current financial liability items:				
[Liabilities at amortized cost]				
- Trade payables	5,071,929	5,071,929	3,995,679	3,995,679
- Borrowings	1,358,197	1,358,197	1,057,585	1,057,585
- Other payables	1,033,712	1,033,712	1,161,356	1,161,356
- Other current liabilities	36,872	36,872	-	-
Non-current financial liability items:				
[Liabilities at fair value]				
- Other financial liabilities				
Derivatives for hedge	10,177	10,177	13,889	13,889
[Liabilities at amortized cost]		,		,
- Borrowings	4,107,530	4,273,547	4,206,740	4,348,447
Total financial liabilities	11,618,417	11,784,434	10,435,249	10,576,956

No significant changes in the business environment and economic environment that affect the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities occurred during the reporting period.

- (b) The fair value for the purpose of measurement and disclosure have been determined based on the methods explained below:
 - i) Derivatives

The Company determined the fair value of derivatives by using valuation technology based on market condition. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market information and minimize the use of entity-specific information. The fair value of derivative financial instruments are measured at a discounted present value using the forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period.

ii) Available-for-sale financial assets

The fair value of available-for-sale financial assets traded in active markets is determined based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. When quoted prices are readily and regularly available from stock exchanges, dealers, brokers, industry groups, pricing services or regulatory agencies, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis, this is deemed to be an active market. The quoted market price used for available-for-sale financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price.

iii) Non-current loans and other receivables

The fair values of non-current loans and other receivables have been calculated based on the expected future cash inflows discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of the nominal value.

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Discount rate	5.39%	5.62%

iv) Non-current borrowings

The fair values of non-current borrowings have been calculated based on the expected future cash outflow discounted using the unsecured corporate bond yield of the companies with the same credit ratings.

v) Current financial assets and current financial liabilities

Current assets and current liabilities have short-term maturities, therefore the fair value approximates the carrying value.

(c) Methods and Assumptions in Determining Fair Value

The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measurements.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

<u>(In millions of Korean won)</u> Assets	March 31, 2013			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Available-for-sale financial assets - Listed securities	10,723	-	-	10,723
Derivatives for hedge		4,826		4,826
Total	10,723	4,826		15,549
Liabilities				
Derivatives for hedge	-	10,177		10,177
Total		10,177		10,177

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2012			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Available-for-sale financial assets - Listed securities	7,636	-	<u> </u>	7,636
Total	7,636			7,636
Liabilities				
Derivatives for hedge	-	13,889	-	13,889
Total		13,889		13,889

¹ Fair value in the above fair value measurement hierarchy is based on recurring fair value measurements.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, an entity within the same industry, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in 'level 1'. Instruments included in 'level 1' comprise primarily equity investments classified as available for sale.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Company uses various valuation techniques and makes judgments based on current market conditions. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

If all significant inputs required to measure the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in 'level 2'. Financial instruments included in 'level 2' are derivative financial instruments. The fair value of derivative financial instruments is measured at discount using forward exchange rate as of the reporting date.

If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in 'level 3'. Financial instrument included 'level 3' uses other method including discounting cash flow method and others.

In case of investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and their fair value cannot be measured reliably, they are measured at cost and not included in the above fair value measurement hierarchy.

31. Share-Based Payments

The 259,250 shares of unexercised stock appreciation rights as of December 31, 2011, were all exercised in 2012. The exercise price per share of exercised share purchase options is \forall 69,500, and the arithmetic average of the weighted average share price calculated on each exercise date is \forall 88,169.

32. Events Occurring after the Reporting Period

The Company's future strategy of the business includes smart car and electric car parts business leveraging the existing capabilities in IT, consumer electronics and components. The Company intends to accelerate the growth of the electric car parts business in the future and increase the value of the business that the Company is fostering by merging with V-ENS Co., Ltd., which has the strength in vehicle design and vehicle verification. On May 1, 2013, the Company acquired all common shares of V-ENS Co., Ltd. from its related party, LG CNS Co., Ltd., at the total consideration of ₩17,000 million. The Company plans to merge with V-ENS Co., Ltd. on July 1, 2013, and is currently assessing the financial implications.

(a) Summary of the statement of financial position of V-ENS Co., Ltd. as of December 31, 2012, is as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2012
Total assets	55,092
Current assets	41,255
Non-current assets	13,837
Total liabilities	43,535
Current liabilities	42,936
Non-current liabilities	599
Total equity	11,557

(b) Summary of the statement of comprehensive income of V-ENS Co., Ltd. for the year ended December 31, 2012, is as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2012
Net sales	109,778
Loss for the period	(659)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(1)
Total comprehensive loss, net of tax	(660)